



Introduction and Overview  
of  
Maine Guaranteed Access Reinsurance Association

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Health Care, Insurance and Financial Services Committee

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January 17, 2019

# Original MGARA Model

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## **Non-Profit Corporation**

- 12 person board
- Reinsurance Company

## **Authorized by 2011 PL c. 90**

### **Purpose –**

- To stabilize and reduce premiums in individual health insurance market by providing reinsurance to insurers in that market.

### **Funding –**

- Reinsurance premiums paid by carriers ceding coverage to MGARA.
- \$4 per person per month assessment on all market segments.

### **No Effect on Insureds Coverage / Reduced Premiums**

- Ceding of coverage does not affect individual insured's coverage in any way.

# MGARA Results

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## **During 18 months of operation in 2012-13, MGARA:**

- Collected about \$26.3 million in premium and \$41.2 million in assessments.
- Paid about \$66 million in reinsured health insurance claims.
- Kept premium increases about 20% lower than they otherwise would have been.

# Federal Transitional Reinsurance Program

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- ACA provided a national transitional reinsurance program which operated from 2014-16.
- Due to substantial overlap between the federal and state programs, MGARA's active operations were suspended effective January 1, 2014.

# 2017 Public Law c. 124

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- Authorized MGARA's reactivation subject to a successful application to the federal government for a Section 1332 innovation waiver.
- A Section 1332 Innovation Waiver is critical to MGARA re-start.

# Need for 1332 Innovation Waiver

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Federal Premium Tax Credits (PTCs) currently subsidize persons in the individual market with income from 100% to 400% of the federal poverty level. +/- 80% of Mainers insured in the individual market are in this demographic.

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The PTC program caps the net premiums paid by those persons on a sliding scale based on income. This means that when premiums decrease, federal support for Mainers receiving PTC assistance is reduced dollar-for-dollar.

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Therefore, absent a waiver, MGARA-reduced premiums would primarily benefit the federal government, not Maine's insurance consumers.

# Who is in the Individual Market?

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- Non-Medicare-eligible retirees
- Individuals not eligible for group coverage
  - Sole proprietors with no employees
  - Part-time workers
  - Contract employees
  - No group coverage offered

# Rates have Increased

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## Average rate increases since 2014:

• 2014-15	-0.8%
• 2015-16	-1.2%
• 2016-17	+22%
• 2017-18	+21%
• 2018-19	+1 %*

\*2018 -19 weighted average with effect of MGARA program:

- Anthem: - 4.3%
- Community Health Options: +0.9%
- Harvard Pilgrim: + 2.1%



# Rate Increase Impact on Consumers

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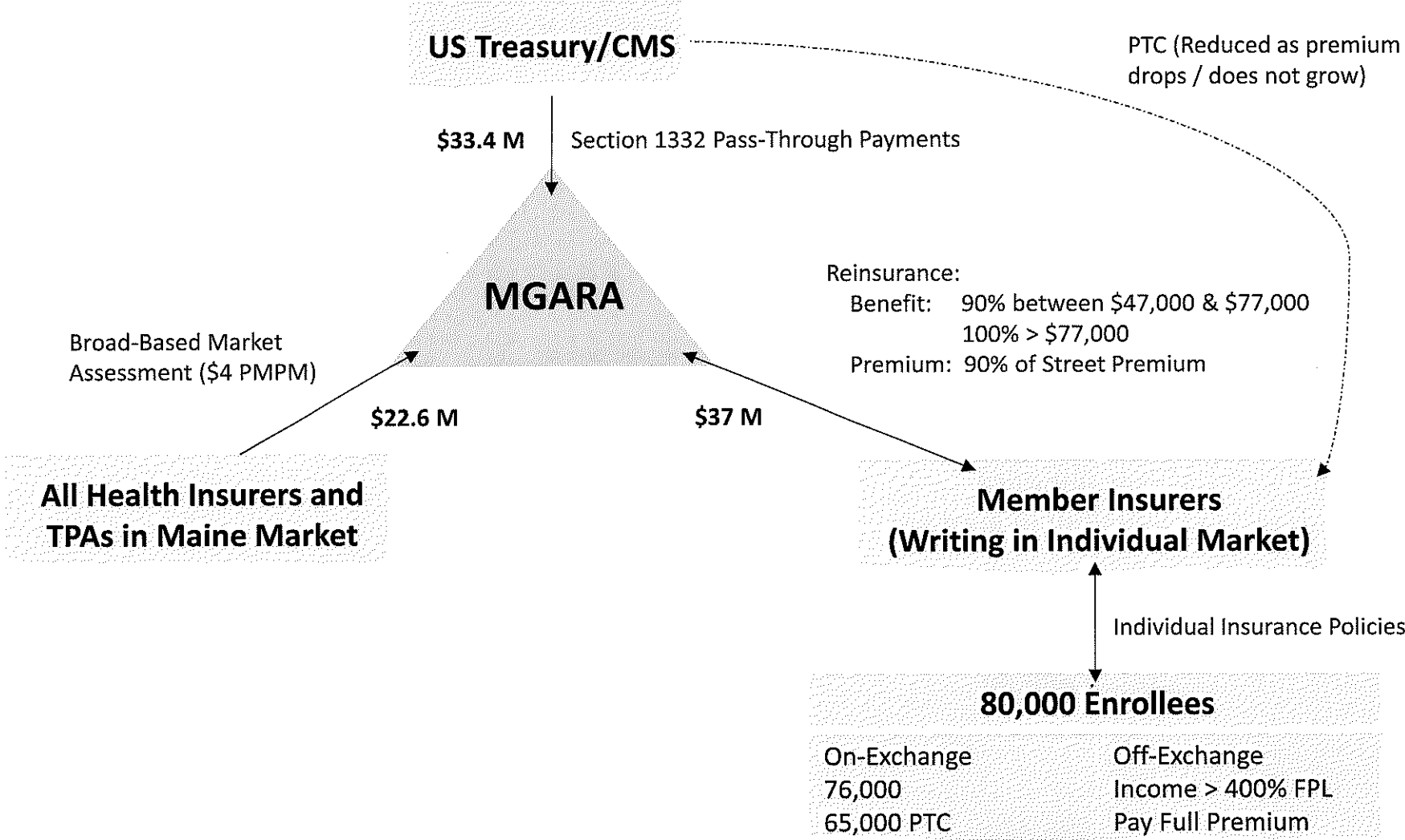
- Many individual market consumers are insulated from rate increases.
  - Federal tax credits are available to individuals with income up to 400% FPL.
  - 85% (2018) On-Exchange consumers eligible to access federal tax credits to offset their premium expenses.
  - For those people, rate increases result in higher federal tax credit amounts, not increased consumer costs.
- Other individual market consumers experience significant rate increases.
  - Incomes over 400% FPL.
  - Coverage purchased Off-Exchange

# Projected MGARA 2019 Impact

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- Estimates individual market premium **reduction of about 9%** in 2019 relative to what they would otherwise be with similar results each year of the program.
- Estimates number of uninsured will be reduced by between 300 to 1,100 per year.
- Program makes no change in benefits to consumers.

# 2019 MGARA Operating Model



# Major Changes to MGARA 2019

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Change	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1332 Pass-Through Payment Revenue</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Takes back \$33.4 M windfall to US Treasury</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Attachment Points</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Attachment Pt 1 - @ \$47,000 MGARA reimburses 90% of claims to \$77,000.</li><li>• Attachment Pt 2 - @ \$77,000 MGARA reimburses 100% of claims</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Federal High-Cost Risk Pool</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MGARA will have unlimited exposure on claims over \$77,000 to the reimbursement point under the Federal High-Cost Risk Pool.</li><li>• For 2019, carriers are eligible under the Federal High-Cost Risk Pool for reimbursement of 60% of claims above \$1 million.</li></ul>

# No Change to MGARA 2019

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Staying Same	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Assessments</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$4 PMPM</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ceding Premium</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 90% of Street Premium</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mandatory Ceding Conditions</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Maintain same 8 Mandatory ceding conditions as original MGARA plan</li></ul>

# 2019 MGARA Financial Model

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Revenue		Percent of Revenue
Assessment (\$4 PMPM)	\$22,600,000	24.3%
Reinsurance Premium (90% Street Premium)	\$37,000,000	39.8%
1332 Pass-Through Payments (PTC Savings at US Treasury from MGARA)	\$33,400,000	35.9%
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>\$93,000,000</b>	<b>100%</b>

Expenses		
Reinsurance Claims	\$89,700,000	96.4%
Operating Expenses	\$700,000	0.8%
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>\$90,400,000</b>	<b>97.2%</b>
<b>Solvency Margin</b>	<b>\$2,600,000</b>	<b>2.8%</b>

MGARA starts 2019 with \$4.7M Fund Balance